The crisis between the United States and

Sudan constituted by the actions and policies

of the Government of Sudan, including continuing

concern about its record on terrorism

and the prevalence of human rights violations,

including slavery, restrictions on religious

freedom, and restrictions on political

freedom, that led to the declaration of a national

emergency on November 3, 1997, has

not been resolved. These actions and policies

are hostile to U.S. interests and pose a continuing

unusual and extraordinary threat to

the national security and foreign policy of the

United States. For these reasons, I have determined

that it is necessary to continue the

national emergency declared with respect to

Sudan and maintain in force the comprehensive

sanctions against Sudan to respond to

this threat.